Lesson 136 - Parts of the Sentence - Pronouns

Pronouns take the place of nouns. Personal pronouns have what is called *case*. *Case* means that a different form of a pronoun is used for different parts of the sentence. There are three *cases*: *nominative*, *objective*, and *possessive*. Many mistakes are made in the use of *nominative* and *objective case pronouns*. Memorizing each list will help you use them correctly.

Nominative case pronouns are *I, she, he, we, they,* and *who*. They are used as *subjects, predicate nominatives,* and *appositives* when used with a subject or predicate nominative.

Objective case pronouns are me, her, him, us, them, and whom. They are used as direct objects, indirect objects, objects of the preposition, and appositives when used with one of the objects. (We will learn about indirect objects and objects of the preposition in later lessons.) (You and it are both nominative and objective case.)

Possessive case pronouns are my, mine, your, yours, his, her, hers, its, our, ours, your, yours, their and theirs. They are used to show ownership.

Choose the correct form of the pronoun and tell why you chose it.

- 1. (I, Me) went to the movie.
- 2. (Him, He) is my best friend.
- 3. (They, Them) will be here soon.
- 4. (She, Her) ran happily down the street.
- 5. There (we, us) went.
- 6. (Who, Whom) is it?

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Choose the correct form of the pronoun and tell why you chose it.

- 1. It could have been (them, they).
- 2. Yes, it was (us, we).
- 3. The runaway girl was (her, she).
- 4. This is (him, he).
- 5. The winner was (me, I).

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Choose the correct form of the pronoun and tell why you chose it.

- 1. (Who, Whom) did you send?
- 2. The man saw (them, they) outside.

- 3. Had the girls met (he, him) before?
- 4. The boss helped (we, us), Tom and (I, me).
- 5. I saw (she, her) at the door.

Lesson 139 - Parts of the Sentence - Pronouns

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Choose the correct form of the pronoun and tell why you chose it.

- 1. Yes, it was (him, he).
- 2. (We, Us) girls went together to shop.
- 3. (Who, Whom) is on the phone? It is (me, I).
- 4. Jim met Pam and (me, I) at the movie.
- 5. The noise outside awakened (us, we).

Lesson 140 - Parts of the Sentence - Pronouns

Pronouns take the place of nouns. Personal pronouns have what is called *case*. *Case* means that a different form of a pronoun is used for different parts of the sentence. There are three *cases*: *nominative*, *objective*, and *possessive*. Many mistakes are made in the use of *nominative* and *objective case pronouns*. Memorizing each list will help you use them correctly.

Nominative case pronouns are *I*, she, he, we, they, and who. They are used as subjects, predicate nominatives, and appositives when used with a subject or predicate nominative.

Objective case pronouns are me, her, him, us, them, and whom. They are used as direct objects, indirect objects, objects of the preposition, and appositives when used with one of the objects. (We will learn about indirect objects and objects of the preposition in later lessons.) (You and it are both nominative and objective case.)

Possessive case pronouns are my, mine, your, yours, his, her, hers, its, our, ours, your, yours, their and theirs. They are used to show ownership.

Choose the correct form of the pronoun and tell why you chose it.

- 1. Where were you and (she, her)?
- 2. No, it was not (us, we).
- 3. The writer is (he, him).
- 4. The group was not expecting (I, me).
- 5. The winners were (they, them), John and (him, he).

Quiz - Lessons 136 - 140 - Parts of the Sentence - Pronouns

Choose the correct form of the pronoun and tell why you chose it.

- 1. (Whom, who) can (we, us) get to do the job?
- 2. (They, them) saw (we, us) at the horse races.
- 3. (She, Her) was not answering (him, he) at that time.

- 4. The captains will be Paul and (me, I).
- 5. The women saw (us, we) boys at the store.
- 6. Did (we, us) choose (them, they) for our dates?
- 7. The teacher wants one person, (her, she).
- 8. (We, Us) boys, Bob and (me, I) captured those two girls, Emily and (her, she).
- 9. It certainly must be (them, they).
- 10. (Who, Whom) invited (him, he) to the party?

Answers 136

- 1. I subject
- 2. He subject
- 3. They subject
- 4. She subject
- 5. we subject

Answers 137

- 1. they predicate nominative
- 2. we predicate nominative
- 3. she predicate nominative
- 4. he predicate nominative
- 5. I predicate nominative

(Predicate nominatives give us the most trouble; therefore, these may all sound strange to you, but they are correct.)

Answers 138

- 1. Whom direct object
- 2. them direct object
- 3. him direct object
- 4. us direct object, me appositive to a direct object
- 5. her direct object

ANSWERS 139

- 1. he predicate nominative
- 2. We subject
- 3. who subject, I predicate nominative
- 4. me direct object
- 5. us direct object

Answers 140

- 1. she subject
- 2. we predicate nominative
- 3. he predicate nominative
- 4. me direct object
- 5. they predicate nominative, he an appositive to the predicate nominative

Answers QUIZ

- 1. Whom direct object, we subject
- 2. They subject, us direct object

- 3. She subject, him direct object
- 4. I predicate nominative
- 5. us direct object
- 6. we subject, them direct object
- 7. her appositive to the direct object
- 8. We subject, I appositive to subject, her appositive to direct object
- 9. they predicate nominative
- 10. Who subject, him direct object